

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE ADMINISTRATION BUSINESS PROFITS TAX APPORTIONMENT

For	the CALENDAR year 200	7 or other	tavahle n	eriod heginning		and ending			SEQUENCE #5	
	<u> </u>	Of Other	taxable p		o Day Year	Mo	,	Year		
IAN	ИE								UMBER OR SOCIAL DENTIFICATION NUMBER	
				(a) Everywhere (Denominator)		(b) New Hampshire (Numerator)		Sales/R	(c) Receipts Factor	
1	SALES/RECEIPTS FACTOR	1(a) \$		1(b) \$					
1(c)	Divide 1(b) by 1(a) and mu	ıltiply by 2 .			(Express as a	decimal to 6 places	s) 1(c)			
				(a) Everywhere (Denominator)		(b) New Hampshire (Numerator)		Pay	(c) yroll Factor	
2	PAYROLL FACTOR:	,	a) [\$		2(b) \$					
2(c)	Divide 2(b) by 2(a)				(Express as a	decimal to 6 places	s) 2(c)			
3	PROPERTY FACTOR:	Beginning	Everỳ	a) where ninator) End of Period			Beginnir		(b) dampshire nerator) d End of Period	
	Inventory			Inventor	Inventory					
	Buildings				Buildings	· }				
	Furniture & Fixtures					& Fixtures				
	Leasehold Improvements Land				Leasehol	d Improvements				
	Other Tangible Assets				_	ngible Assets				
						Tigible 7.000to				
	Subtotal	\$		\$	Subtotal		\$		\$	
	Average of Subtotals \$				Average of Subtotals			\$		
	Rented Property (annual rate x 8)			Rented Property (annual rate x 8)						
	Total Everywhere Property 3(a) \$			Total NEW HAMPSHIRE Property 3(b) \$						
3(c) Divide 3(b) by 3(a)(E				xpress as a decimal to 6 places) 3(c)						
4	TOTAL OF LINES 1(a) 2(a) and 3(a)					4			
5	TOTAL OF LINES 1(c), 2(c) and 3(c)									
NEW HAMPSHIRE APPORTIONMENT: Line 4 divided by 4 and expression of the first series of the series of					nator, see instructions.			•		
				ADDITIONAL INF	ORMATION					
	cipal business activity in N ness locations in New Har			factories, sales off	ices, warehou	ses, etc. (Attach a	list if mo	ore space	is required)	
	r first NH return filed:				y of State:	State of in	ncorporati	on (2-lette	r ID):	
City	, State and Country where	records a	re located	CITY/TOWN			STATE		COUNTRY	
Bus	iness locations outside Nev	v Hampshii	e. (Attach	a list if more space	e is required)		Ans	wer Yes or	No	
				te whether factory, ehouse, constructio	actory, sales office, struction site, etc. Registered to do business in state where located?				pportion sales, payroll nd/or property in state where located?	
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NEW HAMPSHIRE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE ADMINISTRATION BUSINESS PROFITS TAX APPORTIONMENT GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

WHO MUST APPORTION	A business organization must apportion its income if: Its business activities are conducted both inside and outside New Hampshire, AND The business organization is subject to a net income tax, a franchise tax based upon net income or a capital stock tax in another state or is subject to the jurisdiction of another state to impose a net income tax or capital stock tax upon it, whether or not actually imposed by the other state. See RSA 77-A:3.					
INCOME SUBJECT TO APPORTION- MENT	The Business Profits Tax law, RSA 77-A, does not contain a provision differentiating between business and non-business income. All income constitutes business income subject to apportionment unless specifically excluded by RSA 77-A.					
NEED HELP	Questions regarding apportionment of income under the New Hampshire Business Profits Tax should be directed to: NH DRA, Central Taxpayer Services, 45 Chenell Drive, Concord, New Hampshire 03301, (603) 271-2191. Individuals with hearing or speech impairments may call TDD Access: Relay NH 1-800-735-2964.					

	LINE-BY-LINE INSTRUCTIONS
Name and Identification Number	At the top of the return enter the beginning and ending dates of the taxable period if different from the calendar year. Please PRINT the taxpayer's name, federal employer identification number, social security number, or department identification number in the spaces provided. Social security numbers are required pursuant to the authority granted by 42 U.S.C.S., Section 405. Wherever social security numbers or federal employer identification numbers are required, taxpayers who have been issued a DIN, shall use their DIN only, and not their SSN or FEIN.
dollar amount att intercompany tran	2, and 3 show in (a) the dollar amount attributable to the organization's "EVERYWHERE" (the denominator) and show in (b) the ributable to "NEW HAMPSHIRE" (the numerator). Business organizations included in a combined group must eliminate all assactions with other members of the unitary group from both the numerator and the denominator. Business organizations that in items should not include those items in their apportionment factors.
LINE 1 SALES/ RECEIPTS FACTOR:	The sales/receipts factor includes, but may not be limited to:
LINE 2 PAYROLL FACTOR	The payroll factor is the total compensation consisting of wages, salaries, commissions and other forms of renumeration paid during the taxable period to employees for personal services. Employee benefits should not be included in the payroll factor. Enter Everywhere payroll in 2(a). Enter NEW HAMPSHIRE payroll in 2(b). Divide 2(b) by 2(a) and enter the result express as a decimal to six places in 2(c).
LINE 3 PROPERTY FACTOR	The property factor includes all real and tangible personal property owned, rented and employed by the business organization during the tax period in the regular course of its trade or business. Leasehold improvements are treated as property owned by the business organization. Other tangible assets should be listed separately under 3(a) and 3(b). "Real and tangible personal property" includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, merchandise or manufacturing inventories, leasehold improvements and other similar property that reflects the organization's business activities. Property shall be included in the property factor if it is actually used or is available for use or capable of being used during the taxable period in the regular course of the trade or business of the organization. Property or equipment under construction during the taxable period, except inventoriable goods in process, shall be excluded from the factor until such property is actually used or available for use by the business organization in its regular trade or business. Valuation of Owned Property: Property owned by the business organization must be valued at its original cost. "Original cost" is the basis of the property for federal income tax purposes at the time of acquisition, prior to any federal adjustments, and adjusted by subsequent sale, exchange, abandonment, etc. Inventory is included in the property factor in accordance with the valuation method used for federal income tax purposes. Valuation of Rented Property: Property rented by a business organization is valued at 8 times the net annual rental rate. The net rental rate is the annual rental rate paid by the business organization less any annual rental rate received by the business organization from sub-rentals. Average Value of Owned Property: The beginning and ending cost of owned property is used to determine the average cost for the property factor. Where fluctuations in values exist during the period or where property is acquired or disposed of during the period,
LINE 4	Enter the total of Lines 1(c), 2(c) and 3(c).
LINE 5 NEW HAMPSHIRE APPORTION- MENT	Enter the result of Line 4 divided by 4. Express as a decimal to six places. If there are less than three factors with an "EVERYWHERE" denominator, then divide Line 4 as follows: Sales/Receipts and Payroll – divide by 3 Sales/Receipts and Property – divide by 3 Payroll and Property – divide by 2 Sales/Receipts only – divide by 2 Property OR Payroll only – divide by 1