New Hampshire Department of Revenue Administration Overview of New Hampshire Taxes House Ways & Means Committee February 6, 2019



Lindsey M. Stepp, Commissioner Carollynn J. Lear, Assistant Commissioner

> 109 Pleasant Street, Concord, NH 03301 603-230-5000





MISSION

The mission of the Department of Revenue Administration is to fairly and efficiently administer the tax laws of the State of New Hampshire, collecting the proper amount of taxes due, incurring the least cost to the taxpayers, in a manner that merits the highest degree of public confidence in our integrity. Further, we will provide prompt and constructive assistance to the municipal units of government in matters of budget, finance, and the appraisal of real estate.

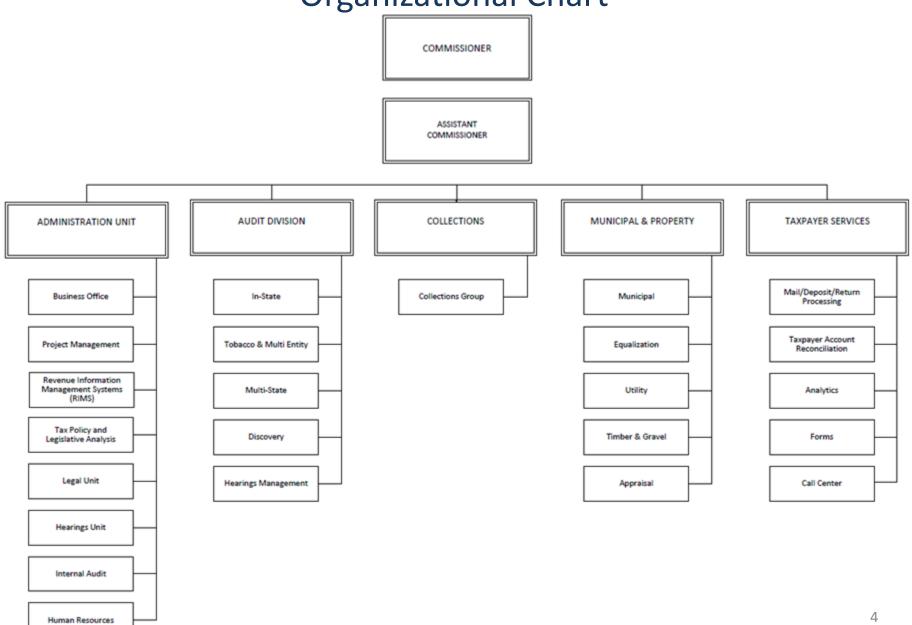




TAXPAYER INTERACTION

It is the policy of the Department of Revenue Administration to administer the tax laws of the State in a manner that demonstrates efficiency, fairness, and courtesy towards every taxpayer.

Department of Revenue Administration Organizational Chart



Tax Policy & Legislative Analysis Group

Shaun P. Thomas, Tax Policy Counsel Melissa Rollins, Senior Financial Analyst Devin Rodrique, Financial Analyst

- Prepare Fiscal Note Worksheets and Quick Guides for legislation;
- Work with legislators in analyzing tax policy and fiscal impact;
- Attend hearings to assist House and Senate committee deliberation on legislation;
- •Testify before House and Senate committees regarding tax policy and fiscal impact;
- Track legislation; and
- Assist in Department rule and form changes as a result of new laws.



Taxes Administered by DRA ~ \$2.3B Revenue

-			
	Tax Type	<u>Tax Rate</u>	<u>Statute</u>
	Business Enterprise Tax	0.6%*	RSA 77-E
	Business Profits Tax	7.7%*	RSA 77-A
	Communications Services Tax	7.0%	RSA 82-A
	Electricity Consumption Tax (Repealed 1/1/19)	\$0.00055/kilowatt hour	RSA 83-E
	Interest and Dividends Tax	5.0%	RSA 77
	Meals and Rooms Tax	9.0%	RSA 78-A
	Medicaid Enhancement Tax	5.4%	RSA 84-A
	NFQA/ICFQA	5.5%	RSA 84-C/84-D
	Tobacco Tax	\$1.78 per pack/65.03% wholesale price	RSA 78
	Taxation of Railroads	Average rate of taxation of other property	RSA 82
	Utility Property Tax	\$6.60 per \$1,000 of utility property value	RSA 83-F
	Excavation Tax	\$.02 per cubic yard (Local revenue)	RSA 72-B
	Real Estate Transfer Tax	\$0.75 per \$100	RSA 78-B
	Timber Tax	10% of stumpage value (Local revenue)	RSA 79
	Property Tax (Includes SWEPT)	Varies (Local revenue)	RSA 76
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Taxes DRA Does Not Collect

Tax Type	<u>Statute</u>
Insurance Premium Tax	RSA 400-A
Beer Tax	RSA 178
Road Toll (Gas Tax)	RSA 260

^{*}BET rate reduced to 0.60% and BPT rate reduced to 7.70% for taxable periods ending on or after 12/31/19.

Tax Revenue - Fiscal Year 2018 (Audited)

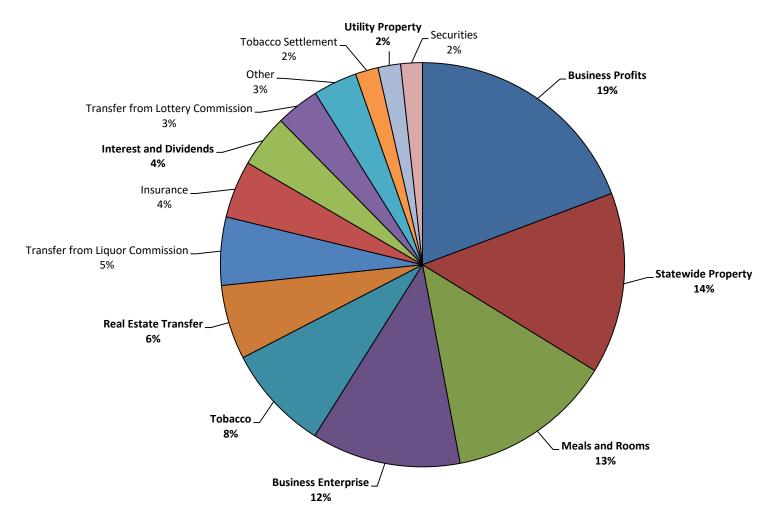
	Audited Revenue
<u>Tax Type</u>	
Business Profits Tax	\$482.3M
Business Enterprise Tax	\$298.8M
Subtotal Business Tax	\$781.1M
Communications Services Tax	\$43.4M
Electricity Consumption Tax	\$5.9M
Interest and Dividends Tax	\$105.8M
Meals and Rooms Tax	\$331.7M
Medicaid Enhancement Tax	*\$243.0M
NFQA/ICFQA	*\$37.9M
Tobacco Tax	\$211.6M
Taxation of Railroads	*\$0.4M
Utility Property Tax	\$45.2M
Real Estate Transfer Tax	\$149.2M
State Wide Education Property Tax	\$363.1M
TOTAL	\$2.3B

FY2018 NFQA, MET & Taxation of Railroads is Unaudited Cash

Share of Unrestricted Revenues

General and Education Funds – Source FY2018 (Audited)

Note: DRA's statutory responsibilities represent nearly 80% of NH State General and Education Trust Fund Revenue (\$2.0B out of \$2.6B)



Business Profits Tax (BPT) RSA 77-A

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay for Calendar Year End
•7.7% of taxable business profits for taxable periods ending on or after	•Partnership returns are due March 15
12/31/19 (7.5% for taxable periods ending on or after 12/31/21)	•Corporate, proprietorship, and fiduciary returns are due April 15
•Every enterprise organized for gain or profit carrying on any business activity within the state	•7-month extensions to file, with payment, are due by the return due date
•Gross business income in excess of \$50,000 from all activities	•Estimates equal to 25% of estimated tax liability are due April 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 if estimated liability exceeds \$200

BPT Taxpayers

For Tax Year 2016

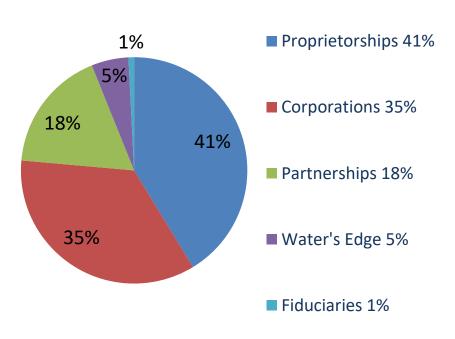
1.3% of filers pay 79% of BPT

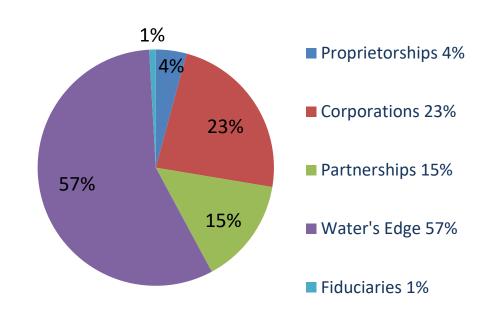
Entities Filing BPT Tax Returns

Entities Paying BPT Tax

Percentage as a whole

Percentage as a whole





Who Pays the BPT?

BPT - Tax Year 2016

Business Profits Tax Stats by Tax Year and Amount of Tax Liability

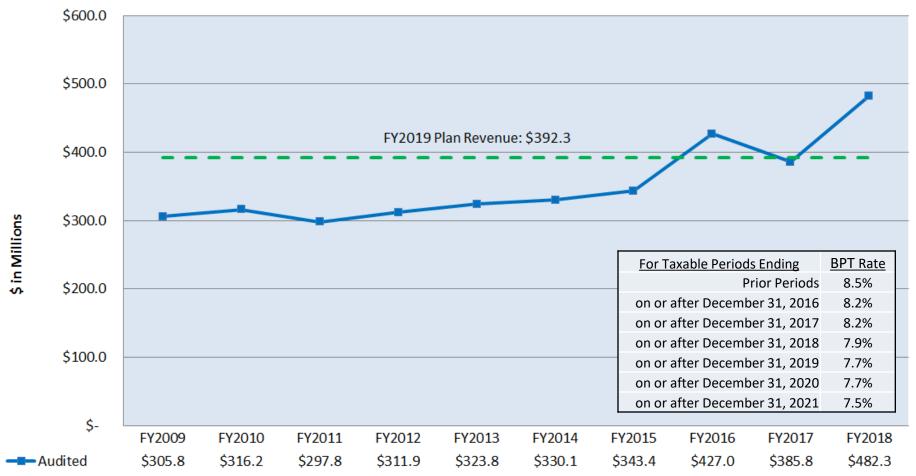
This Population includes all Corporations, Partnerships, Proprietorships, and any other Entity that Files BPT DRAFT as of 8/29/18

Tax Year 2016 Range in Tax Paid	COUNT	Sum BP TAX	% of POP	% of Tax Liability by POP
\$0	55,624	\$0	76.8%	0.0%
\$1 - \$500	4,951	\$805,516	6.8%	0.2%
\$500 - \$1K	1,782	\$1,292,515	2.5%	0.4%
\$1K - \$10K	6,907	\$25,824,645	9.5%	7.3%
\$10K - \$50K	2,210	\$46,691,247	3.1%	13.1%
\$50K - \$100K	389	\$27,248,282	0.5%	7.7%
\$100K - \$MIL	490	\$139,337,740	0.7%	39.2%
>\$1MIL	47	\$113,872,244	0.1%	32.1%
Totals:	72,400	\$355,072,189	100.0%	100.0%

				% of Total Tax
2016	COUNT	Sum BP TAX	% of Total POP	Liability by POP
Corporations	25,403	\$83,227,734	35.1%	23.4%
Water's Edge	3,846	\$202,038,756	5.3%	56.9%
Partnerships	12,647	\$51,468,288	17.5%	14.5%
Proprietors	29,931	\$15,010,578	41.3%	4.2%
Fiduciaries	573	\$3,326,833	0.8%	0.9%
Tota	ls: 72,400	\$355,072,189	100.0%	100.0%

BPT Revenue 10-Year Trend

Audited Revenue



<u>Factors Influencing Revenue</u>: Economic cycle, including mergers and acquisitions, federal tax reform, credits and exemptions, statutory changes (rate reductions, 100% exemption for qualified regenerative manufacturing companies, R&D Tax credit, § 179 expense deductions, etc.)

Business Enterprise Tax (BET) RSA 77-E

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay for Calendar Year End
•0.6% of the Enterprise Value Tax Base for taxable periods ending on or after 12/31/19	•Partnership returns are due March 15
(0.5% for taxable periods ending on or after 12/31/21)	•Corporate, proprietorship, and fiduciary returns are due April 15
•Every profit or non-profit enterprise or organization with any business activity inside NH (except 501(c)(3) organizations)	•Non-profit returns are due May 15
	•7-month extensions to file, with
•Gross business receipts in excess of \$217,000 or Enterprise Value Tax Base greater than	payment, are due by the return due date
\$108,000 (both adjusted based on CPI every 2 years), for taxable periods ending on or after 12/31/19	•Estimates equal to 25% of estimated tax liability are due April 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15 if
•Credit for BET paid against Business Profits Tax due	estimated liability exceeds \$260
•Carry forward unused credit for 10 years	

BET Taxpayers

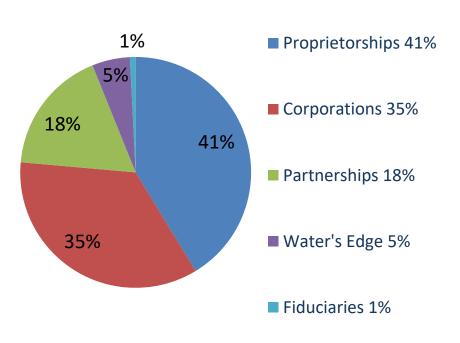
For Tax Year 2016
4.0% of filers paid 75.2% of BET

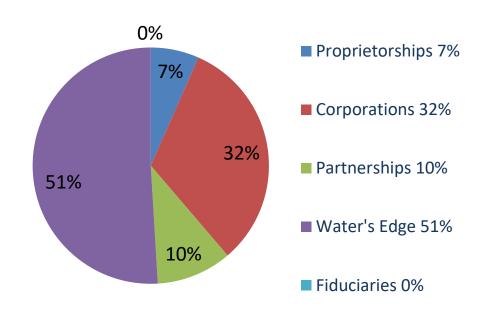
Entities Filing BET Tax Returns

Entities Paying BET Tax

Percentage as a whole

Percentage as a whole





Who Pays the BET?

BET - Tax Year 2016

Business Enterprise Tax Stats by Tax Year and Amount of Tax Liability

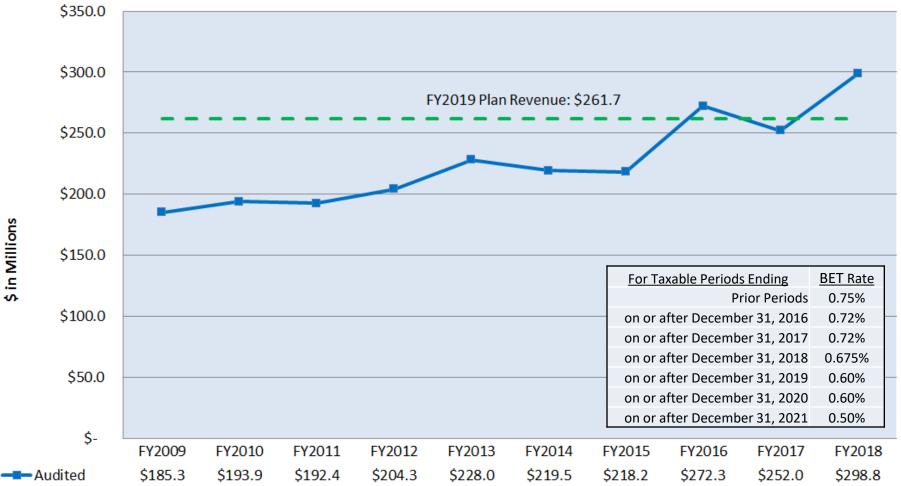
This Population includes all Corporations, Partnerships, Proprietorships, and any other Entity that Files BET DRAFT as of 8/29/18

Tax Year 2016 Range in Tax Paid	COUNT	Sum BE TAX	% of POP	% of Tax Liability by POP
\$0	35,286	\$0	48.7%	0.0%
\$1 - \$500	9,778	\$ 1,922,073.74	13.5%	0.9%
\$500 - \$1K	7,358	\$ 5,515,881.00	10.2%	2.5%
\$1K - \$10K	17,016	\$ 50,690,443.00	23.5%	23.1%
\$10K - \$50K	2,381	\$ 48,256,263.00	3.3%	22.0%
\$50K - \$100K	320	\$ 22,320,038.00	0.4%	10.2%
\$100K - \$MIL	248	\$ 61,150,040.00	0.3%	27.9%
>\$1MIL	13	\$ 29,245,803.00	0.0%	13.3%
Totals:	72,400	\$219,100,542	100.0%	100.0%

				% of Total Tax
2016	COUNT	Sum BE TAX	% of Total POP	Liability by POP
Corporations	25,403	\$70,415,621	35.1%	32.1%
Water's Edge	3,846	\$111,598,815	5.3%	50.9%
Partnerships	12,647	\$22,493,000	17.5%	10.3%
Proprietors	29,931	\$14,524,593	41.3%	6.6%
Fiduciaries	573	\$68,513	0.8%	0.0%
Totals:	72,400	\$219,100,542	100.0%	100.0%

BET Revenue 10-Year Trend

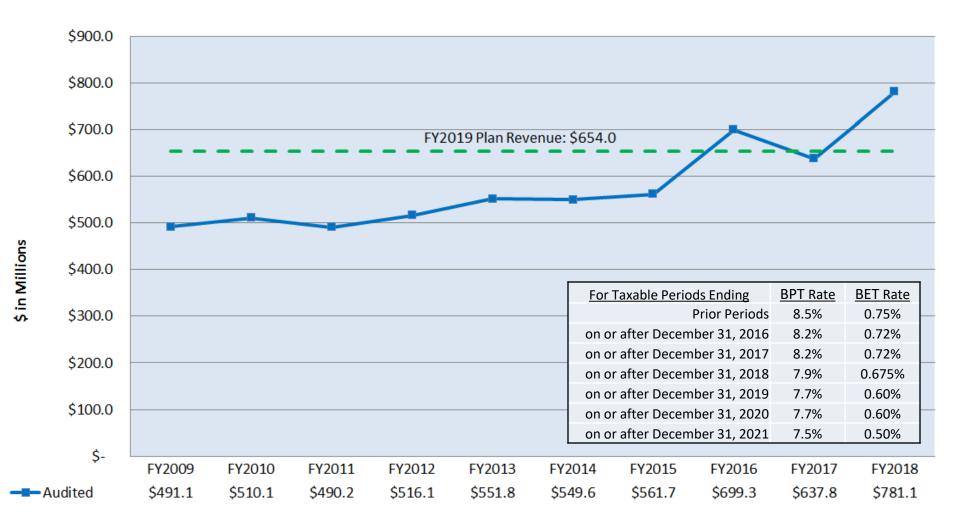




<u>Factors Influencing Revenue</u>: Economic cycle, including employment levels and wages, federal tax reform, credits and exemptions, statutory changes (rate reductions, 100% exemption for qualified regenerative manufacturing companies, R&D Tax credit, thresholds)

BPT & BET Revenue 10-Year Trend

Audited Revenue



Timing of Business Tax Documents Received for Calendar Year Filers Compared to State Fiscal Year 2019

Calendar Tax Year Filer (90% of filers) = January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2018

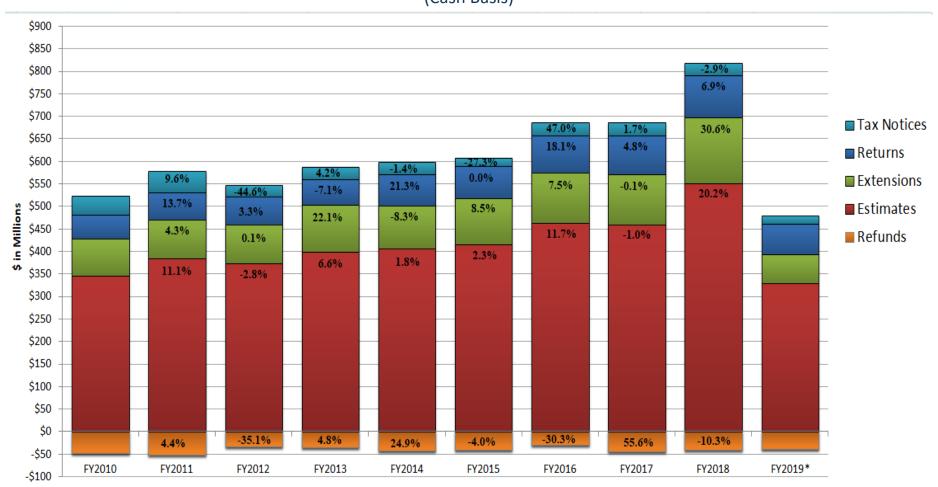
2017 Returns Due for Corps, Combined Groups, Props, & Fiduciary 1st 2018 Estimate Payment 2017 Returns Due for Partnerships 2017 Return 2nd 2018 Estimate Payment 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Extension Due for Partnerships 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits 2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Profits	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018	2018
			Due for	Due for Corps, Combined Groups, Props, & Fiduciary 1st 2018 Estimate	Return Due for Non-	Estimate			Estimate	Returns on Extension Due for	Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Props, &	Returns on Extension Due for Non- Profits 4th 2018 Estimate

Estimate Payment
Return on Extension
Returns

	Example of How a Calendar Year Filer's Tax Documents Equate to State Fiscal Year 2019										
July 2018	August 2018	September 2018	October 2018	November 2018	December 2018	January 2019	February 2019	March 2019	April 2019	May 2019	June 2019
		3rd 2018 Estimate Payment	2017 Returns on Extension Due for Partnerships	2017 Returns on Extension Due for Corps, Combined Group, Props, & Fiduciary	2017 Returns on Extension Due for Non- Profits 4th 2018 Estimate Payment			2018 Returns Due for Partnerships	2018 Returns Due for Corps, Combined Group, Props, & Fiduciary 1st 2019 Estimate Payment	2018 Return Due for Non- Profits	2nd 2019 Estimate Payment

Historical Business Tax Returns, Estimates, Extensions, Tax Notice Payments and Refunds

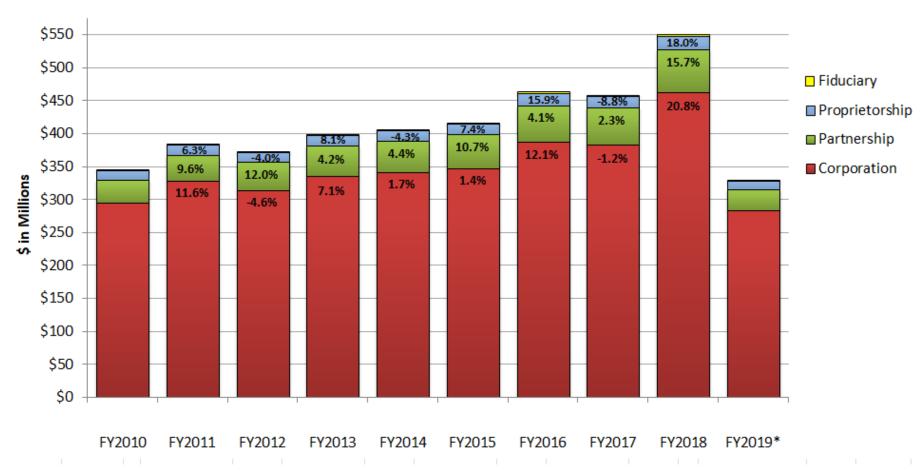
Year-Over-Year Change (Cash Basis)



Business Tax Estimate Analysis

Year-Over-Year Change (Cash Basis)

The majority of Business Tax revenue is derived from estimates. The following chart depicts a 10-year history of NH Business Tax estimate revenue by entity type



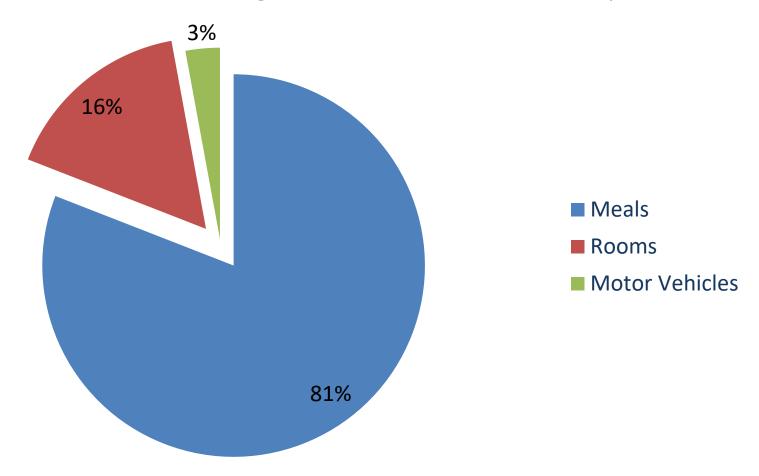
Meals and Rooms (Rentals)Tax (M&R) RSA 78-A

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•9% on meals, rooms and motor vehicle rentals	•Returns are filed on a monthly basis and are due by the 15 th day of the month following the taxable period
•Tax is paid by the consumer and collected and remitted by operators of hotels, restaurants, or other businesses providing taxable meals, rooms rentals, and motor vehicle rentals	•Electronic filing, via touch tone telephone and personal computer, is available.
•Operators may retain a commission equal to 3% of taxes due if return and payment are timely filed, they maintain appropriate records, and they file electronically if the prior year's taxable revenue was greater than \$25,000	•A paper return is not required if filing electronically, but operators must retain the Meals and Rooms (Rentals) worksheet

M&R Tax

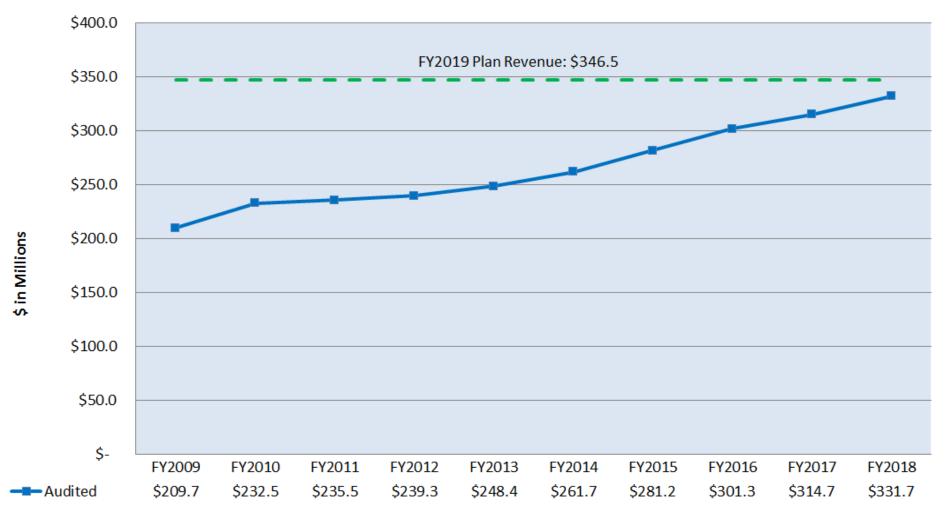
Gross Meals & Rentals (M&R) Tax Liability Reported by Activity Type

For FY2014 to FY2018, on average, M&R Tax revenues were composed of:



M&R Tax Revenue 10-Year Trend

Audited Revenue



Rate: 8% (FY2009); 9% (FY2010 - Present)

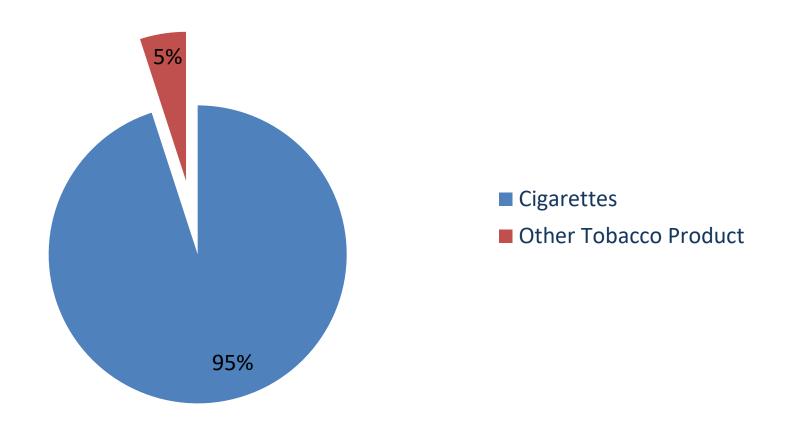
Factors Influencing Revenue: Economic cycle, including unemployment, weather, travel and tourism

Tobacco Tax RSA 78

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•\$1.78 per pack of 20 cigarettes, \$2.23 per pack of 25 cigarettes and 65.03% of the wholesale sales price for all other tobacco products (OTP)	•For cigarettes sold in packages containing quantities other than 20 or 25 not suitable for stamping and for OTP, the wholesaler must report and pay the tax liability on a monthly basis
•Premium cigars are exempt from taxation	•The return and payment of tax are due
•Tax on tobacco products is a direct tax upon the consumer at retail, but it is precollected and paid by the wholesaler	on or before the 15 th day of the month following the end of the reporting period
•For packages of 20 or 25 cigarettes, payment of tax is evidenced by the wholesaler's purchase of Tobacco Tax stamps which are affixed to each package	•Stamps may be purchased on a bond filed with the Department, which allows for payment to be made within 30 days after the days of purchase

Tobacco Tax

For FY 2014 to FY 2018, on average, Tobacco Tax revenues were composed of:



Tobacco Stamp Rates

FY2009

A Stamp Rate = \$1.65 B Stamp Rate = \$1.33

FY2010 - FY2011

A Stamp Rate = \$2.23

B Stamp Rate = \$1.78

FY2012 - FY2013

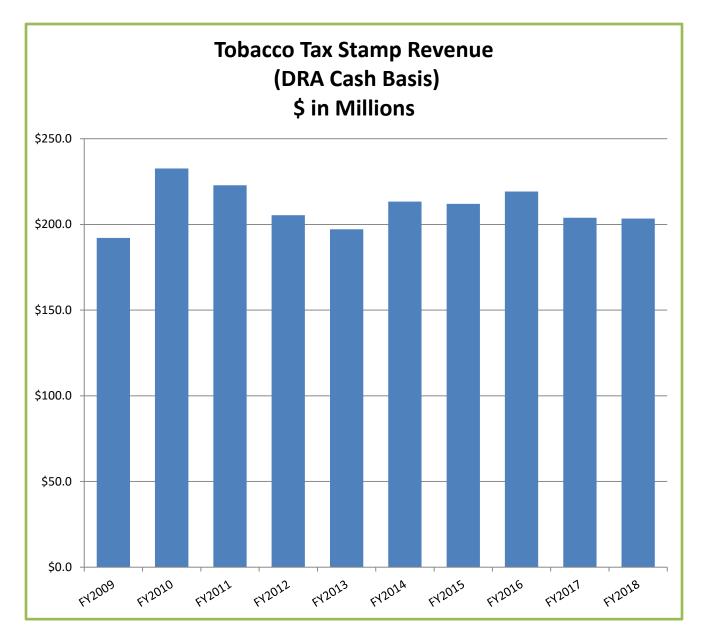
A Stamp Rate = \$2.10

B Stamp Rate = \$1.68

FY2014 – Current

A Stamp Rate = \$2.23

B Stamp Rate = \$1.78



OTP Tax Rates (Wholesale Price)

FY2009

19.00%

FY2010

48.59%

FY2011

65.03%

FY2012

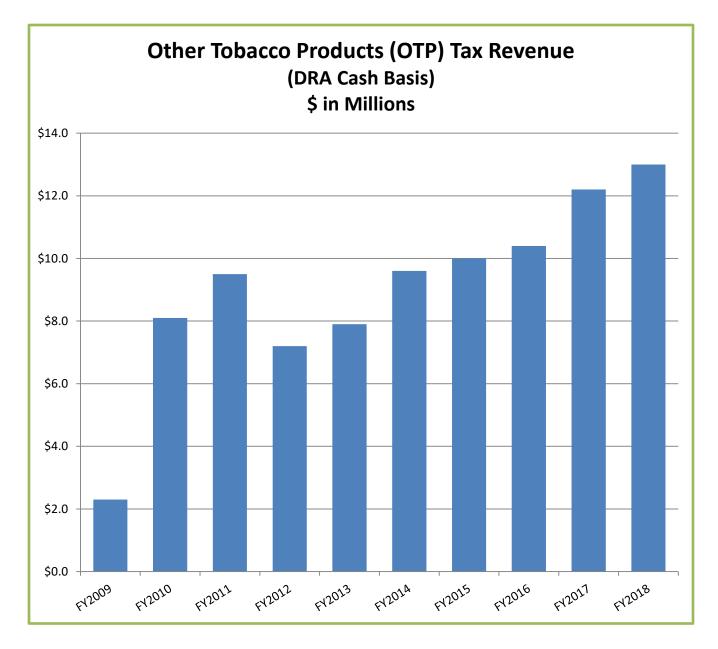
48.00%

FY2013

48.00%

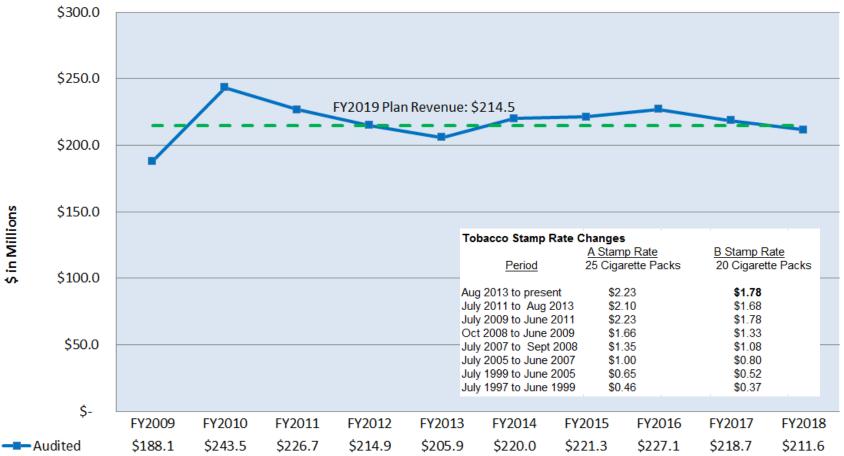
FY2014 - Current

65.03%



Tobacco Tax Revenue 10-Year Trend





<u>Other Tobacco Products Rate</u>: 19% (FY2009); 48.59% (FY2010); 65.03% (FY2011); 48% (FY2012 – FY2013); 65.03% (FY2014 – Present)

Factors Influencing Revenue: Cross-border elasticity, e-cigarettes, downward trend of stamps sales

Real Estate Transfer Tax (RETT) RSA 78-B

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•Tax on the sale, granting, and transfer of real property or interest in real property	•Each buyer and seller must file a Declaration of Consideration and an Inventory of Property Transfer within 30
•Tax is imposed on both the buyer and seller at a rate of \$0.75 per \$100 of the	days
price or consideration for the sale granting or transfer	•Each Register of Deeds shall remit the taxes collected to the Department on a monthly basis
•RETT is paid by buying stamps, which are affixed to the deed, from the Register of Deeds in the county where the property is located	•In Real Estate Holding Company transactions the tax is remitted directly to the Department
•Each Register of Deeds retains 4% of the face value of the stamps sold in the county	

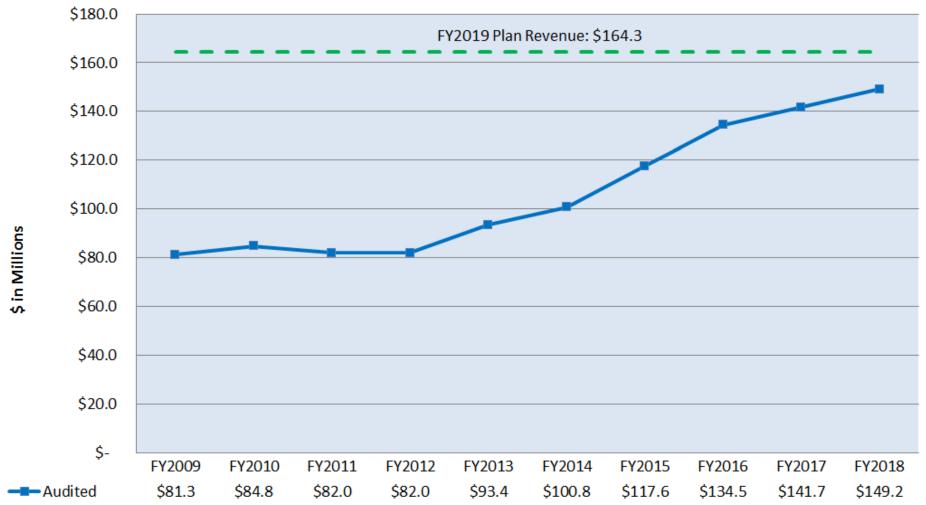
RETT Taxpayers

For FY2018, the average monthly percent of transactions and average monthly percent of total revenue received by county:

<u>County</u>	<u>Transactions</u>	<u>Tax</u>
BELKNAP	7.0%	6.1%
CARROLL	7.1%	6.6%
CHESHIRE	4.8%	3.3%
COOS	3.5%	1.4%
GRAFTON	8.4%	7.2%
HILLSBOROUGH	25.5%	26.9%
MERRIMACK	10.4%	9.3%
ROCKINGHAM	21.7%	29.6%
STRAFFORD	8.6%	7.3%
SULLIVAN	3.0%	2.2%
	100.0%	100.0%

RETT Revenue 10-Year Trend

Audited Revenue



<u>Rate</u>: \$1.50 per \$100 of the price or consideration for the transfer (\$.75 is the obligation of the purchaser and \$.75 is the obligation of the seller)

Factors Influencing Revenue: Economic cycle, interest rates, property values, available inventory

Interest and Dividends Tax (I&D) RSA 77

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay for Calendar Year End
OVERVIEW OF TAX	When to the fray for calculating that End
•5% on interest and dividends income	•Returns are due April 15
•All New Hampshire residents, fiduciaries, LLCs, partnerships and associations with income from interest and dividends	•7-month extensions to file, with payment, are due by the return due date
•Threshold of \$2,400 annually (\$4,800 for joint filers) with a \$1,200 exemptions for residents age 65 or older, blind, or disabled before their 65 th birthday	•Estimates equal to 25% of estimated tax liability are due April 15, June 15, September 15 and January 15 (of the subsequent year) if estimated liability exceeds \$500

I&D Taxpayers

For Tax Year 2017

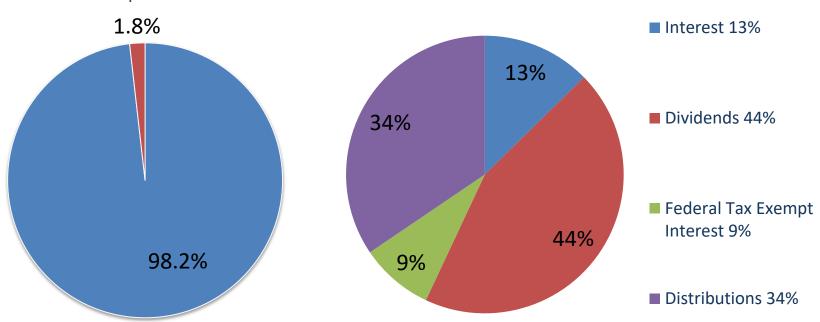
Gross I&D Income From All Data Sources as Reported by Taxpayers

Entities Paying Interest and Dividends Tax

Interest and Dividends Tax Breakdown

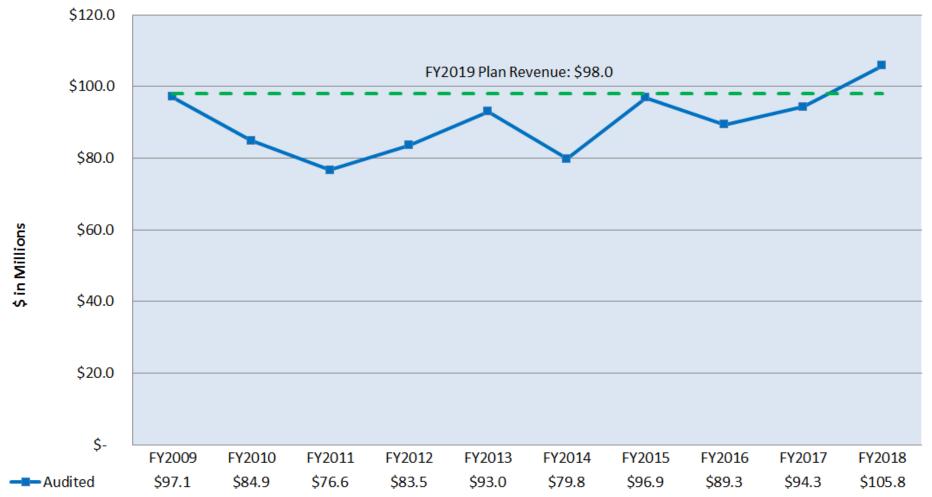


■ Partnerships & Estates 1.8%



I&D Tax Revenue 10-Year Trend





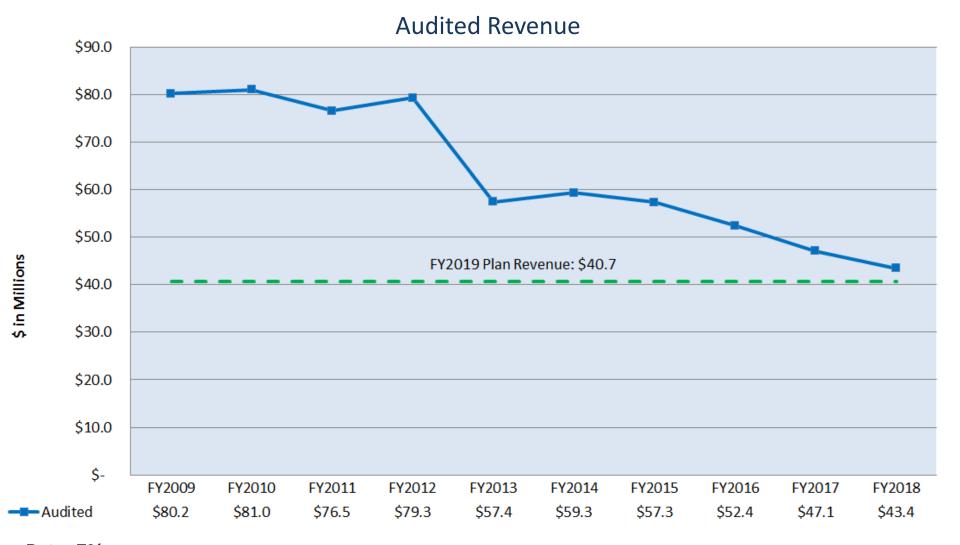
Rate: 5%

Factors Influencing Revenue: Economic cycle, interest rates, federal tax reform

Communications Services Tax (CST) RSA 82-A

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•7% on all two-way communications services	•Returns are filed on a monthly basis and are due by the 15 th day of the following month
•Tax is paid by the consumer and	
collected by two-way communications services providers	•If the liability under \$100 per month, returns are filed quarterly and are due by the 15 th day of the month following the
•All two-way communications services providers are responsible for collecting	quarter
and remitting the tax from the consumer and filing a return	•Estimates are required if the tax liability is over \$10,000 per month and the payment equal to 90% of the actual tax collected is due by the 15 th day of the month during which the liability is incurred
	collected is due by the 15 th day of the month during which the liability is

CST Revenue 10-Year Trend



Rate: 7%

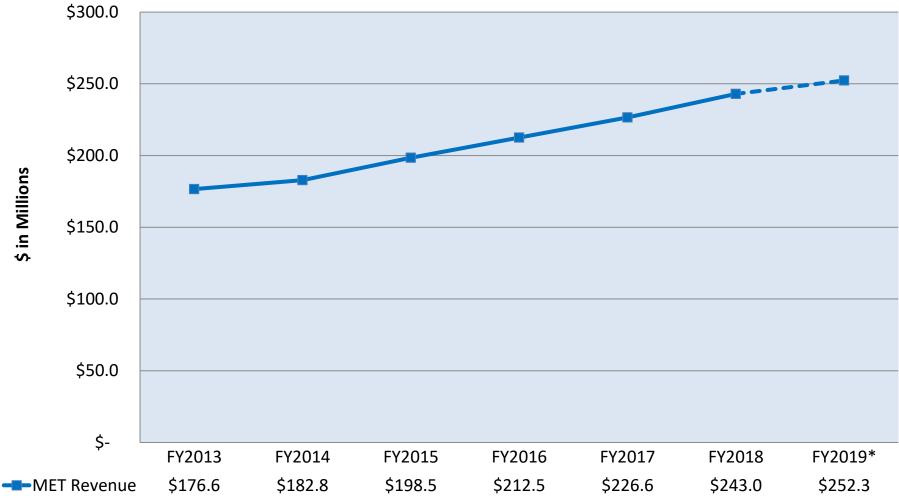
<u>Factors Influencing Revenue</u>: 2012 exclusion of charges for internet access, decrease in landlines, modern pricing and purchasing trends for wireless communications

Medicaid Enhancement Tax (MET) RSA 84-A

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•5.4% tax upon the "net patient services revenue" of hospitals	•Each hospital must file a nonbinding estimate on or before January 15 th of its projected tax payment
•Tax is paid by general hospitals that provide inpatient and outpatient hospital services, but not including government facilities	•Each hospital is required to pay 100% of its MET due and payable for the tax period no later than April 15 th
•The tax period for MET is a 12-month period beginning July 1 and ending June 30 and the tax due is based upon each hospital's fiscal year ending during the calendar year in which the taxable period begins	•Every hospital shall file a return by April 15 th in the taxable period

MET Revenue Historical Trend





*FY 2019 is the projected revenue based on the nonbinding estimates received from hospitals.

<u>Rate</u>: 5.4% for the taxable period ending 6/30/17 and for every taxable period thereafter

<u>Factors Influencing Revenue</u>: Hospital service utilization

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DRA Role In MET Administration

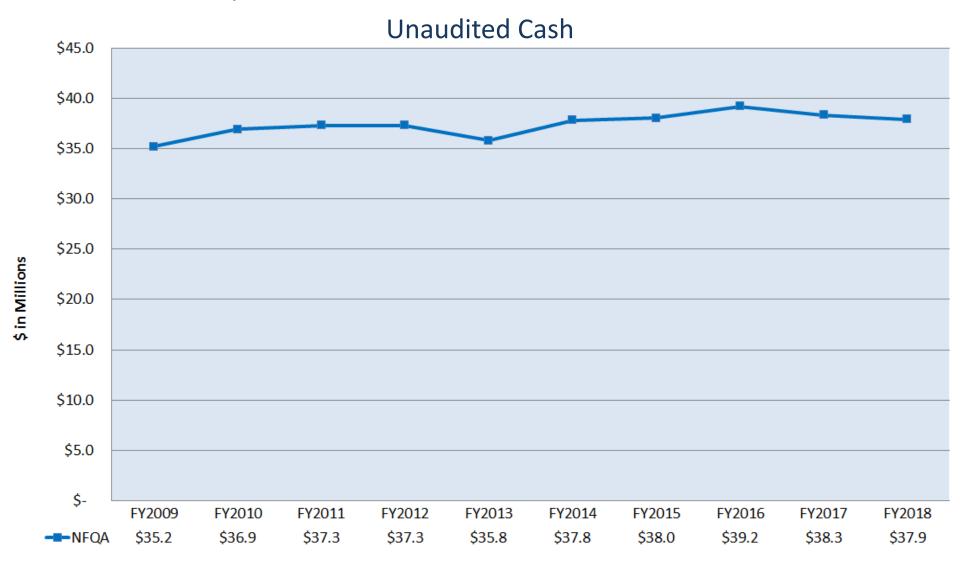
- Hospitals file a non-binding estimate of their projected tax payment on January 15th with DRA. DRA notifies the NH Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) of the estimated MET payment.
- 100% of the MET owed is due to DRA on or before April 15th. MET revenue is deposited directly into the uncompensated care and Medicaid fund established by RSA 167:64.
- The Commissioner of DHHS is responsible for expending funds in accordance with RSA 167:64 (disproportionate share hospital payments and other Medicaid expenditures).
- DRA is authorized to audit MET returns and collect unpaid MET.

Nursing Facility Quality Assessment (NFQA) and Intermediate Care Facility Quality Assessment (ICFQA)

RSA 84-C and RSA 84-D

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•5.5% tax upon the "net patient services revenue" on all nursing and intermediate care facilities on the basis of patient days in each facility	•Every facility shall file a return by the 10 th day of the month following the expiration of the assessment period (January 10, April 10, July 10 and October 10)
 The assessment is paid by nursing and intermediate care facilities as well as facilities licensed as a specialty hospital and certified to receive federal reimbursement as a nursing facility The assessment period for NFQA and 	•Each facility is required to pay 100% of its NFQA/ICFQA due and payable for the assessment period no later than the 15 th day of the month following the assessment period (January 15, April 15, July 15 and October 15)
ICFQA is a 3-month period beginning July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1 of each year	•No penalty or interest is imposed for failure to make a payment of the assessment due if such payment is made by electronic funds transfer on or before the last day of the month in which payment is due

NFQA Revenue 10-Year Trend



Rate: 5.5%

Factors Influencing Revenue: Nursing home utilization

DRA Role In NFQA Administration

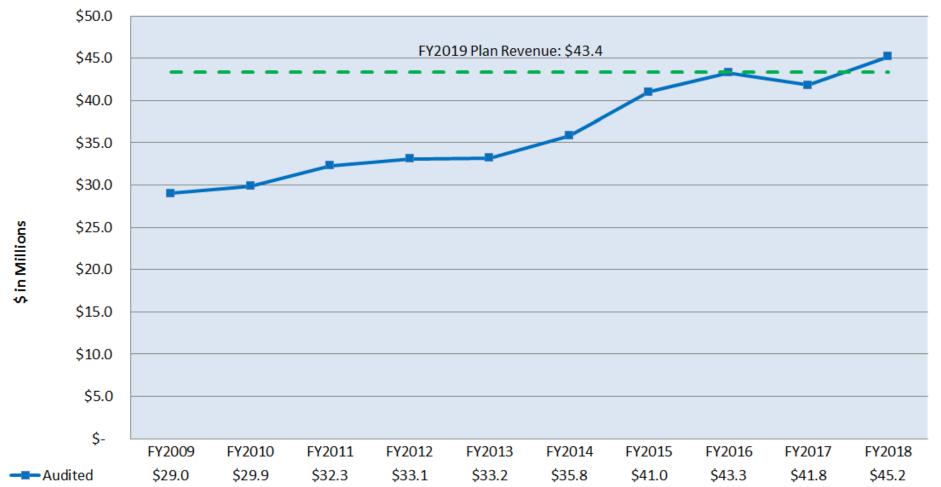
- Nursing facilities file their NFQA return quarterly on the 10th of January, April, July, and October for the prior 3-month "assessment period" with both the DRA and DHHS.
- Nursing facilities pay the NFQA quarterly on the 15th of January, April, July, and October for the prior 3-month "assessment period" by electronic funds transfer (debited by DRA on the last day of the month).
- NFQA revenue is deposited directly in the Nursing Facility Trust Fund established by RSA 151-E:14.
- The Commissioner of DHHS is responsible for expending funds in accordance with RSA 151-E:15:
 - "The moneys in the fund shall be used to eliminate or reduce to the maximum extent possible the difference between the allowable medicaid costs, derived from the nursing facility medicaid acuity rate setting system, which nursing facilities incur in providing care to medicaid residents, and the amount which the state has budgeted in order to fund that care."
- DRA is authorized to audit NFQA returns and collect unpaid NFQA.

Utility Property Tax (UPT) RSA 83-F

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•Tax rate is \$6.60 per \$1,000 of value of utility property as defined by RSA 83-F	•On or before May 1 of each year the company shall file a form detailing the company's actual financial operating
•Tax is on the value of the utility property as determined by the Department on December 1 of each year for the value as	performance since the prior April 1 of the preceding year
of the previous April 1	•Final payment is due on or before January 15
	•Estimates equal to 25% of estimated tax liability are due April 15, June 15, September 15 and December 15

UPT Revenue 10-Year Trend

Audited Revenue



Rate: \$6.60 per \$1,000 of value

<u>Factors Influencing Revenue</u>: Development of new renewable energy facilities, valuation of utility property, energy pricing (supply and demand)

Railroad Tax

RSA 82

When to File/Pay
•On or before May 1 of each year the company shall file a form detailing the company's actual financial operating performance since the prior April 1 of the preceding year
•Payment is due within 30 days from the date of the Notice of Value and Tax Bill (typically due December 15)
•Estimates equal to 25% of estimated tax liability are due April 15, June 15,
September 15 and December 15 if estimated liability exceeds \$200
•\$339,176 tax revenue collected in
FY2018 (unaudited), with \$84,794 distributed to municipalities

Local Property Taxes RSA 72

Local Property Taxes
•Property taxes, based upon local assessed valuations, are administered and collected by the individual cities and towns
•The majority of property taxes collected are based on the market value of the
property at its highest and best use
•Exemptions, credits and deferrals include the elderly and blind exemptions and
deferrals, veterans tax credit, disability exemption, exemption for improvements to assist persons with disabilities and exemption for wind-powered, solar and wood heating energy systems

Excavation (Gravel) Tax RSA 72-B

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•Tax rate is \$0.02 per cubic yard of earth, as defined in RSA 155-E:1, I, excavated, with certain exceptions	•A Notice of Intent to Excavate, along with a \$100 administration and enforcement fee, must be filed with the Department prior to excavation and at the beginning
•Tax is assessed by, and payable to, the local assessing officials	of each tax year (April 1) for excavation in progress or not yet completed
•The Department is responsible for administering and enforcing the tax including educating municipal officials, having the authority to check on the volumes indicated on the report of excavated material, reporting violations to local and state officials and entering any lands that may have an excavation	•Owner must report all earth excavated within 30 days of completion, local assessing official must assess the excavation tax within 30 days after receipt of report and owner must pay tax within 30 days after tax bill is mailed by tax collector

Timber Tax RSA 79

Overview of Tax	When to File/Pay
•Tax rate is 10 percent of the stumpage value at the time of cutting	•A Notice of Intent to Cut must be filed with the municipal assessing officials, with a copy to the owner, logger and
•Tax is assessed by, and payable to, the local assessing officials	Department, at the beginning of each tax year (April 1) or prior to commencing each cutting operation
•The Department is responsible for administering and enforcing the tax including entering land for which there may be a timber operation, reviewing any records in conjunction with a timber operation, stopping any operation in violation and reporting violations to local authorities	•Owner must report all wood or timber cut within 30 days of completion, local assessing official must assess the tax within 30 days after receipt of report and owner must pay tax within 30 days after tax bill is mailed by tax collector

Timing of DRA Revenues

<u>Business</u>	% of Money
July	3.2%
August	1.9%
September	16.4%
October	3.6%
November	1.0%
December	16.0%
January	3.5%
February	2.5%
March	13.4%
April	19.6%
May	2.5%
June	16.5%

<u>M&R</u>	% of Money
July	9.1%
August	10.9%
September	11.2%
October	8.8%
November	8.7%
December	7.0%
January	7.5%
February	6.7%
March	7.0%
April	7.4%
May	7.4%
June	8.4%

<u>Tobacco</u>	% of Money
July	8.6%
August	9.6%
September	8.9%
October	8.9%
November	8.4%
December	8.0%
January	7.3%
February	6.4%
March	8.0%
April	7.6%
May	8.4%
June	9.7%

<u>I&D</u>	% of Money
July	0.8%
August	1.3%
September	15.6%
October	2.3%
November	0.1%
December	5.8%
January	14.0%
February	1.1%
March	4.3%
April	38.9%
May	0.9%
June	14.4%

<u>RETT</u>	% of Money
July	10.3%
August	10.7%
September	10.0%
October	9.1%
November	9.3%
December	7.8%
January	9.1%
February	6.0%
March	5.0%
April	6.2%
May	7.3%
June	9.1%

<u>Business</u>	% of Money
Quarter 1	22%
Quarter 2	21%
Quarter 3	19%
Ouarter 4	39%

<u>M&R</u>	% of Money
Quarter 1	31%
Quarter 2	25%
Quarter 3	21%
Quarter 4	23%

Quarterly	
<u>Tobacco</u>	% of Money
Quarter 1	27%
Quarter 2	25%
Quarter 3	22%
Quarter 4	26%

<u>I&D</u>	% of Money
Quarter 1	18%
Quarter 2	8%
Quarter 3	19%
Quarter 4	54%

<u>RETT</u>	% of Money
Quarter 1	31%
Quarter 2	26%
Quarter 3	20%
Quarter 4	23%

<u>Business</u>	% of Money
1st Half	42%
2nd Half	58%

M&R	% of Money
1st Half	56%
2nd Half	44%

Diamiladity	
<u>Tobacco</u>	% of Money
1st Half	52%
2nd Half	47%

Riannually

<u>I&D</u>	% of Money
1st Half	26%
2nd Half	74%

<u>RETT</u>	% of Money
1st Half	57%
2nd Half	43%

^{*}Average based on 2013-2018 from DAS Revenue Focus. Adjustments have been made for anomalies and due date changes.

Resources

- <u>Annual Report</u> Comprehensive information about the DRA and historical revenue data. Visit the DRA Publications and Presentations Reports webpage at www.revenue.nh.gov/publications/reports.
- <u>Transparency Page</u> Comprehensive revenue data for the most recent fiscal year as well as 10-year historical data presented in graphic form. Visit the DRA website at www.revenue.nh.gov/transparency.
- <u>Daily Revenue Updates</u> Provided every business day for the second half of each month. Let us know if you would like to be added to the distribution list. Also located on the Transparency webpage above.
- <u>Tax Expenditure Report</u> Annual analysis of tax expenditures. Located on the DRA Publications and Presentations – Reports webpage above.
- <u>DRA Listserv</u> Receive notifications regarding important information from the DRA. Subscribe through the e-News Subscribe button on the DRA's website at www.revenue.nh.gov.